



Weekly Report on the Epidemiology of COVID-19 in Ireland Week 2, 2022

Health Protection Surveillance Centre, HPSC

COVID-19 Epidemiology Team, 17/01/2022

Please note:

- The epidemiological weeks in this report, run from Sunday to Saturday. Please refer to the <u>HPSC website</u> for a complete list of epidemiological weeks with start and end dates for 2020-2022.
- Reference dates:
 - Week 10, 2020 (1st to 7th March 2020) the beginning of the pandemic in Ireland, also the start of the first wave
 - Week 32, 2020 (2nd to 8th August 2020) the beginning of the 2nd wave
 - Week 48, 2020 (22nd to 28th November 2020) the beginning of the 3rd wave
 - Week 26, 2021 (27th June to 3rd July 2021) the beginning of the 4th wave
 - Week 51, 2021 (19th to 25th December 2021) the beginning of the 5th wave
 - Week 2, 2022 (9th January to 15th January) most recent epidemiological week
- Data for this report is based on cases notified on the Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting system (CIDR)
- Data was extracted from CIDR system on 17/01/2022
- Data are provisional and subject to ongoing review, validation and update. As a result, figures in this report may differ from previously published figures.

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- Since 22/12/2021 the daily COVID-19 case number reported publicly is an estimate based on positive SARS-CoV-2 results uploaded to the HSE COVID Care Tracker the preceding day. This transition was in anticipation of a large volume of cases and decreased capacity among surveillance partners over the Christmas period. Given the ongoing surge in cases, the daily case number reported continues to be an estimate. These data are provisional and do not represent notified cases. They serve to provide an up-to-date picture of trends during this surge period. The notification of cases on the Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting system (CIDR) has continued.
- <u>Figure 1</u> displays the daily COVID-19 case number reported since 1st December, 2021, including the estimated daily case number.
- All other case-based data in this report are based on confirmed cases notified on CIDR.
- The weekly number of notifications on CIDR since week 51 (19th to 25th December 2021) and the cumulative number of cases reported here, will differ from those obtained by adding the reported daily COVID-19 case number due to the reporting of an estimate daily case number since 22/12/2022.
- Due to the current surge in case numbers the overall reporting time (time from when a case is notified to when they are uploaded to CIDR) has increased since week 51. Therefore data on recent cases is subject to reporting delays and may not be complete.
- A technical issue experienced over the Christmas weekend and reduced surveillance capacity over the Christmas period contributed to the increased reporting time. However, the current case numbers continue to exceed capacity leading to the increased reporting time. Work is ongoing among surveillance partners to increase capacity and reduce reporting time.
- To account for this increased reporting time, additional trend data on total cases (Figure 14) are presented by epidemiological date. Epidemiological date is based on the earliest of dates available on the case. Analysis by epidemiological date provides a more accurate picture of trends as it removes the impact of reporting time. However, data for the most recent week may still not be complete and are provisional.
- The overall access to PCR testing during this surge period will also impact notifications.
- Since 14th January 2022, a confirmatory PCR test is no longer necessary for some groups of people testing positive on an antigen test, see <u>guidance</u>. Daily case numbers reported from January 14th include both PCR confirmed and positive antigen tests, this can be seen in <u>Figure 1</u>. The numbers in the remainder of this report are based solely on cases with confirmed PCR tests reported to and extracted from CIDR.
 - Figure 1 displays the daily COVID-19 case number reported since 1st December, 2021. From January 14th 2022, as well as PCR confirmed cases, cases who are antigen positive are included in the estimated daily case count.
 - All other case-based data in this report are based on cases who are PCR confirmed and notified on CIDR.

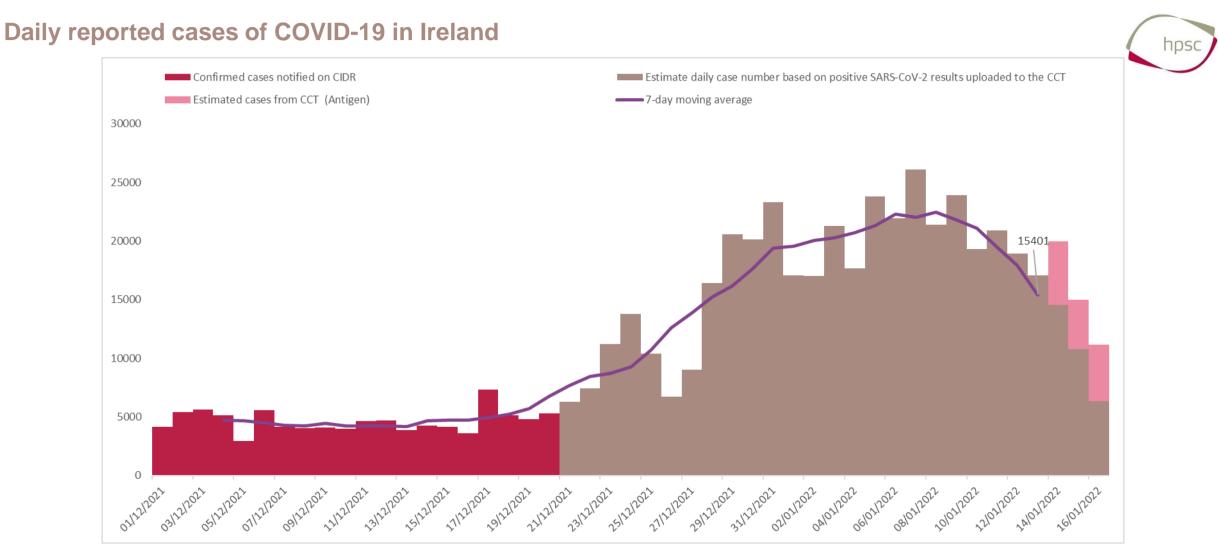


Figure 1: Number of reported cases* of COVID-19 in Ireland by day, 1st December 2021 to 16th January 2022

* Since 21/12/2021 the daily COVID-19 case number reported is an estimate based on positive SARS-CoV-2 results uploaded to the HSE COVIDCare Tracker the preceding day. Since 14/01/2022 positive antigen tests are being reported in addition to PCR confirmed SARS-CoV-2 cases.



The following figures and tables are based on cases notified with positive PCR tests extracted from CIDR and presented by week of notification and do not include cases diagnosed by antigen tests.

Due to the current surge in case numbers the overall reporting time (time from when a case is diagnosed to when they are notified) has increased since week 51. Notifications since week 51, 2021 are therefore artificially reduced due to the increased reporting time.

Data on cases diagnosed in the past week are subject to reporting delays and therefore may not be complete. Cases diagnosed during this period will be reflected in notifications during subsequent weeks.

Summary characteristics of COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland during the 5th wave



	0							
	(week 51, 2	wave 5 021-week 2, 22)	Week 2, 2022 ^{\$}					
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent				
Total number of confirmed cases	284,095		89,895					
Incidence rate of confirmed cases per 100,000 population	5966.0		1887.8					
Number of cases hospitalised	1,948	0.7	702*	0.8				
Number of cases admitted to ICU	56	0.0	11* [#]	0.01				
Number of deaths among confirmed cases	67	0.0	15* [#]	0.02				
Case fatality ratio (CFR %)	0.0		0.02					
Incidence rate of confirmed deaths per 100,000 population	1.4		0.32					
Males	135,107	47.6	42,593	47.4				
Females	148,744	52.4	47,156	52.5				
M:F ratio	0.91		0.90					
Median (years)	31		32					
Mean age (years)	33		33					
Age range (years)	0-105		0-101					

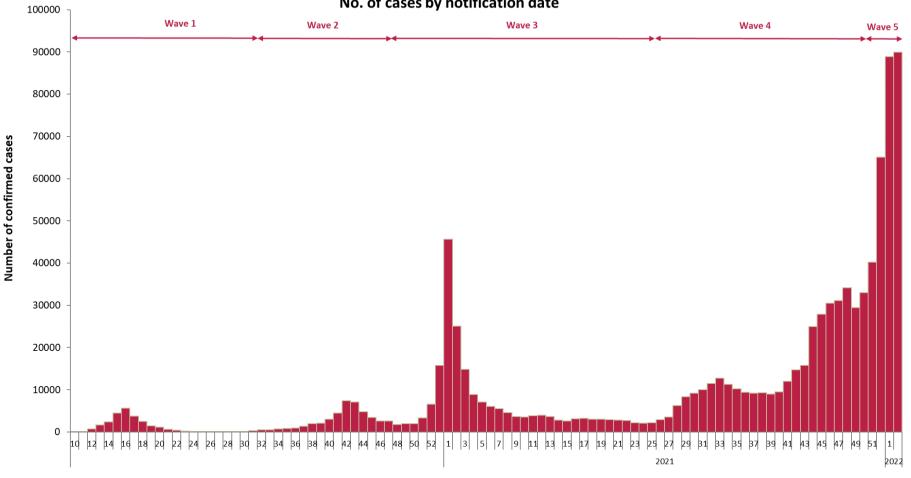
\$Notifications in week 2, 2022 are artificially reduced.

*The number of cases hospitalised, cases admitted to ICU and deaths described in the above table relate only to COVID-19 cases who were notified during this reporting period, and where the outcome is known at the time of reporting. It does not reflect all hospitalisations, ICU admissions and deaths related to COVID-19 which occurred during the period covered by the report. It also does not reflect the final number of cases hospitalised, admitted to ICU or deaths for these cases notified during this period as the outcome may not yet have occurred, or is yet to be notified.

[#]Notifications of deaths and ICU admissions to HPSC may be impacted by increased reporting time of cases.

Epidemic curve of COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland during the 4th and 5th waves

The 5th pandemic wave in Ireland commenced in week 51, 2021. This time point was designated based on when the omicron variant of concern was estimated to have become the dominant circulating variant in Ireland, and when the incidence of COVID-19 markedly increased.



No. of cases by notification date

Week

Figure 2: Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases by week of notification in Ireland between week 10, 2020 and week 2*, 2022 *Notifications since week 51, 2021 are artificially reduced due to the increased reporting time.



Summary characteristics of COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland during week 2, 2022

Table 1: Characteristics of confirmed COVID-19 casesnotified in Ireland during week 2*, 2022

Characteristic		Week 2	Percent
Total number of confirmed case	es	89,895	100
Sex	Male:Female ratio	0.90	
	Male	42,593	47.4
	Female	47,156	52.5
	Unknown	146	0.2
Age	Mean age (years)	33	
	Median age (years)	32	
	Age range (years)	0-101	
	0-4 yrs	3278	3.6
	5-12 yrs	7,958	8.9
	13-18 yrs	8,054	9.0
	19-24 yrs	12,340	13.7
	25-34 yrs	18,017	20.0
	35-44 yrs	16,695	18.6
	45-54 yrs	12,073	13.4
	55-64 yrs	6,817	7.6
	65-74 yrs	2,947	3.3
	75-84 yrs	1,284	1.4
	85+ yrs	428	0.5
	Unknown	4	0.0

*Notifications in week 2, 2022 are artificially reduced.

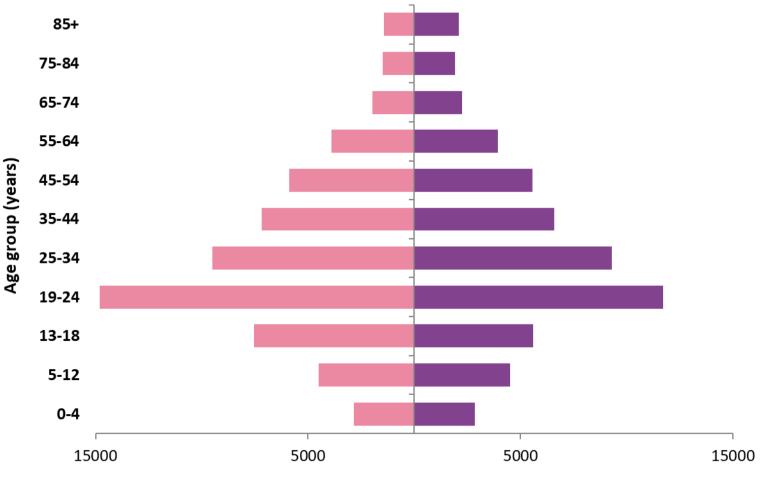
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Age and sex pyramid for COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland during the 5th wave



Figure 3a: Cumulative age and sex-specific incidence rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population notified in Ireland between week 51, 2021 and week 2, 2022

(excluding 50 cases for whom age is unknown, 317 cases for whom sex is unknown and one case for whom both are unknown)



Cumulative age- and sex-specific rate per 100,000 population from week 51, 2021 to week 2, 2022

Female

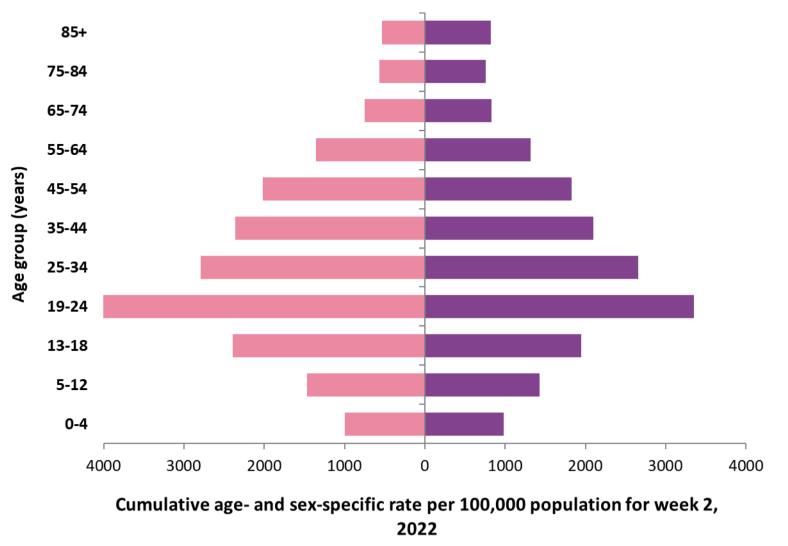
Male

Age and sex pyramid for COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland during week 2, 2022



Figure 3b: Cumulative age and sex-specific incidence rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population notified in Ireland during week 2*, 2022

(excluding 3 cases for whom age is unknown and 147 cases for whom sex is unknown and one case for whom both are unknown)



Female

Male

Proportion of COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland by age groups during the 4th and 5th waves

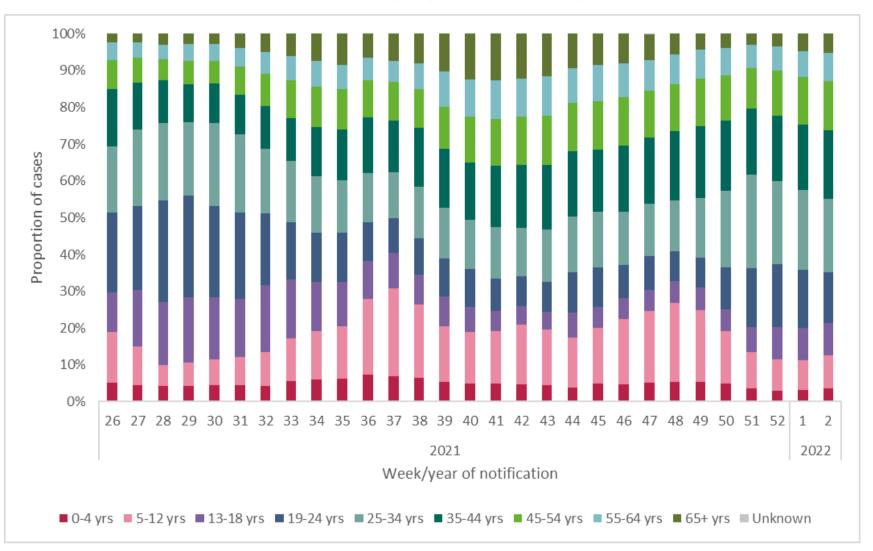
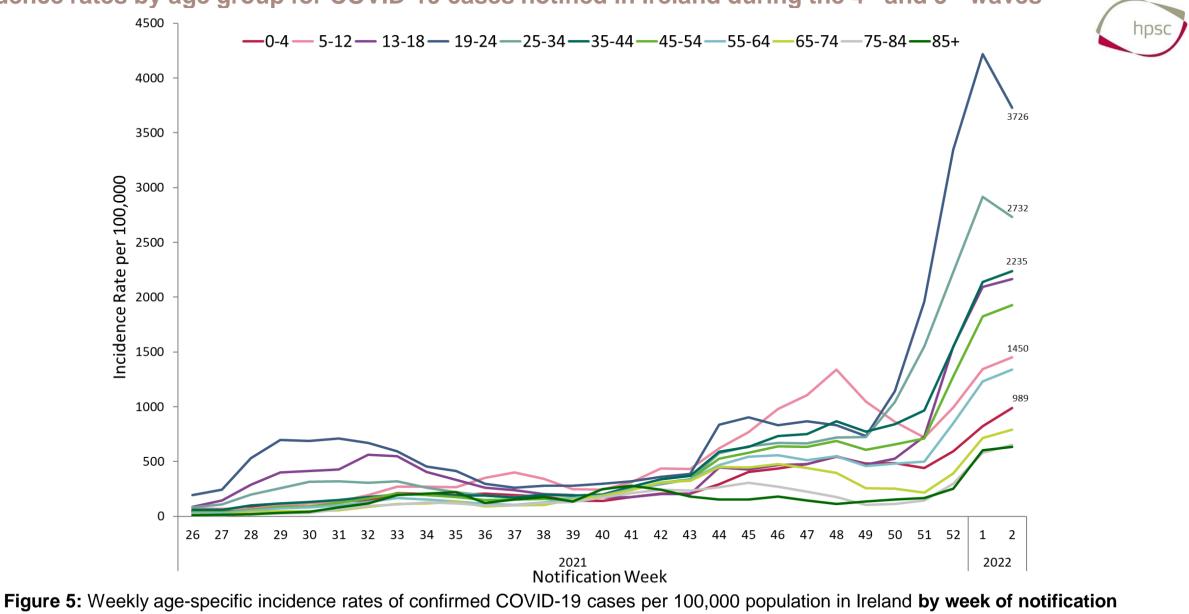


Figure 4: Proportion of confirmed COVID-19 cases by age group in Ireland by week of notification from week 26, 2021 to week 2*, 2022



Incidence rates by age group for COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland during the 4th and 5th waves



from week 26, 2021 to week 2*, 2022

Incidence by age group for COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland, latest 8 weeks



						ŀ	Age Range)					
		0-4	5-12	13-18	19-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+	National
	者 47	475.7	1106.6	478.8	869.2	665.0	749.0	634.3	511.4	442.8	225.9	145.1	652.5
	¥99 48 ₩	546.0	1340.8	546.8	832.7	718.2	865.5	689.2	550.9	394.4	177.6	112.5	717.8
2021	40	482.6	1047.8	472.0	730.7	725.0	771.2	606.0	459.2	256.5	103.8	134.7	618.5
20	49 50	484.7	861.0	526.1	1141.3	1040.8	838.6	655.5	479.2	252.2	113.5	152.5	693.1
	51 52	440.1	718.4	729.0	1957.4	1548.1	967.2	711.3	499.1	217.9	142.5	167.3	844.9
	Q 52	595.1	993.1	1549.3	3345.3	2226.1	1547.8	1278.3	850.6	391.7	295.2	251.6	1365.9
2022	1	824.4	1341.9	2095.1	4218.8	2913.8	2136.2	1822.7	1232.5	714.6	580.6	604.0	1867.5
20	2	988.8	1450.4	2167.5	3725.8	2732.3	2235.3	1928.5	1339.4	789.0	653.4	633.6	1887.8

Figure 6: Heat map of weekly age-specific incidence rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population in Ireland by week of notification from week 47, 2021 to week 2*, 2022

COVID-19 cases in children aged 18 years and under by notification date during the 4th and 5th waves



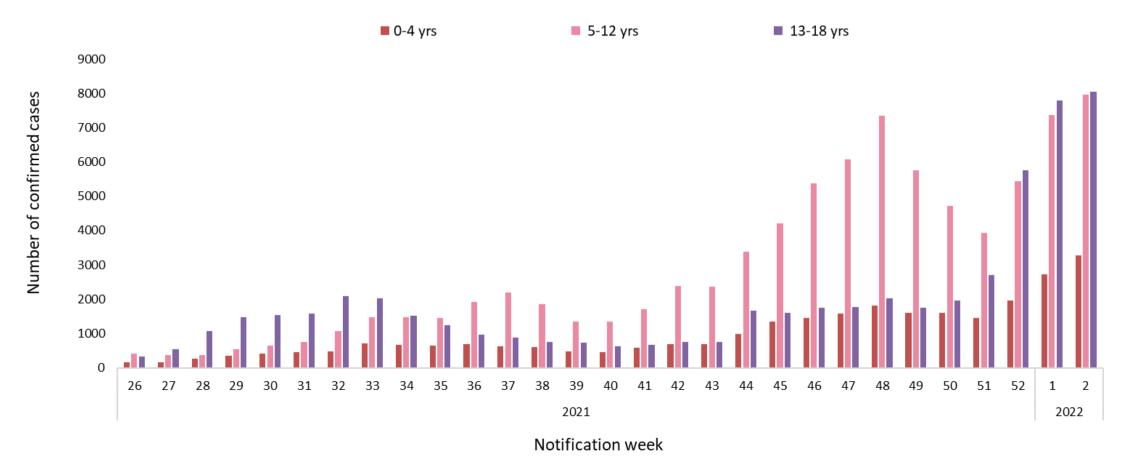


Figure 7: Weekly number of age-specific confirmed COVID-19 cases by week of notification in Ireland from week 26, 2021 to week 2*, 2022

COVID-19 weekly incidence rate among children aged 0-18 years in Ireland during the 4th and 5th waves,

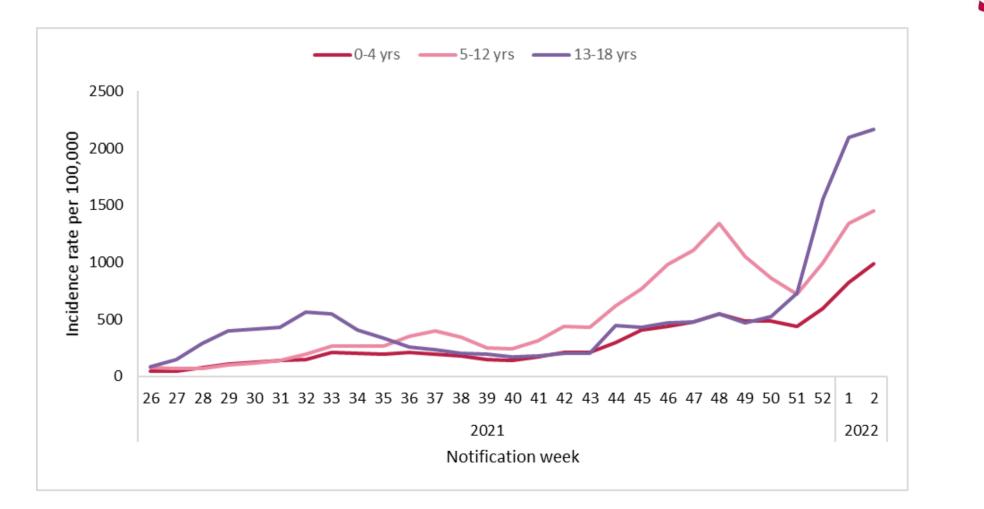


Figure 8: Weekly age-specific incidence rates of confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population among children aged 0-18 years in from week 26, 2021 to week 2*, 2022

*Notifications since week 51, 2021 are artificially reduced due to the increased reporting time.

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Characteristics for COVID-19 cases notified in Ireland by county during week 2, 2022

Table 2: Characteristics of confirmedCOVID-19 cases by county notified inIreland, during week 2*, 2022

During this surge period data validation is limited. In some instances, the county is inferred from the county of the test centre or the county of the laboratory, and may not be the county of residence of the case. Data by county should therefore be interpreted with caution.

*Notifications in week 2,	2022 are artificial	ly reduced.
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County	Ca	ses	M:F ratio	Median age	Incidence Rate	
County	N	%		(years)	per 100,000	
Westmeath	4576	5.1	0.9	31	5154.9	
Clare	3931	4.4	1.0	31	3308.4	
Longford	1232	1.4	1.0	31	3014.2	
Carlow	1582	1.8	0.9	31	2778.8	
Galway	7066	7.9	0.9	32	2738.1	
Leitrim	764	0.8	0.9	32	2384.2	
Offaly	1832	2.0	1.0	32	2349.9	
Louth	2791	3.1	0.9	33	2165.5	
Kildare	4604	5.1	0.9	32	2069.2	
Sligo	1296	1.4	1.0	32	1977.6	
Donegal	3138	3.5	0.9	34	1971.2	
Mayo	2555	2.8	0.9	33	1957.7	
Roscommon	1225	1.4	1.0	33	1897.9	
Cork	9706	10.8	0.9	30	1787.9	
Kilkenny	1750	1.9	1.0	33	1763.5	
Meath	3292	3.7	1.0	33	1687.8	
Wexford	2510	2.8	0.9	31	1676.4	
Limerick	3170	3.5	0.9	32	1626.5	
Dublin	21642	24.1	0.9	32	1606.3	
Wicklow	2279	2.5	0.9	32	1600.1	
Tipperary	2530	2.8	0.9	32	1585.7	
Laois	1322	1.5	0.9	30	1560.9	
Monaghan	923	1.0	0.9	32	1503.6	
Cavan	1042	1.2	0.9	31	1367.9	
Kerry	1771	2.0	0.9	31	1199.0	
Waterford	1366	1.5	0.8	33	1175.8	





During this surge period data validation is limited. In some instances, the county is inferred from the county of the test centre or the county of the laboratory, and may not be the county of residence of the case. Data by county should therefore be interpreted with caution.

		Carlow	Cavan	Clare	Cork	Donegal	Dublin	Galway	Kerry	Kildare	Kilkenny	Laois	Leitrim	Limerick	Longford	Louth	Mayo	Meath	Monaghan	Offaly	Roscommon	Sligo	Tipperary	Waterford	Westmeath	Wexford	Wicklow	National
<u>د</u>	47	901.1	531.7	572.3	654.9	523.3	756.8	550.7	463.1	671.9	723.6	609.2	527.4	499.7	753.6	753.4	498.1	612.2	462.6	469.5	484.9	505.1	745.8	738.5	911.3	620.5	495.7	652.5
	3 48	1024.0	539.5	596.7	743.6	550.3	755.0	615.8	595.1	879.5	742.7	830.0	586.7	513.1	672.8	834.9	541.7	758.3	594.6	637.5	653.8	660.7	843.0	711.9	941.8	676.6	746.4	717.8
51	49	714.9	452.9	565.6	636.3	486.8	745.0	488.3	499.0	778.0	654.0	746.2	480.6	407.9	467.3	602.1	358.6	598.8	496.9	555.4	350.1	401.3	637.4	649.9	761.5	523.0	519.6	618.5
2 20	50	683.3	442.4	478.9	725.2	457.3	911.6	560.7	586.3	729.0	673.2	621.0	605.4	554.1	584.7	745.6	380.1	692.7	480.6	538.7	429.2	383.0	611.1	748.0	654.5	527.6	598.9	693.1
	51	706.1	624.9	678.4	662.2	788.4	1092.1	858.3	647.9	1004.9	1153.9	562.0	680.3	717.8	841.6	1142.1	567.0	806.5	995.3	534.9	739.0	546.3	733.9	480.3	1301.1	408.8	595.4	844.9
	52	1798.6	1059.4	1975.3	1110.6	1588.6	1412.1	1524.5	884.2	1134.4	1855.2	1728.5	1298.2	1251.4	1822.7	1547.1	1235.2	1233.6	1212.0	1690.6	1445.5	1048.3	1228.4	1042.4	3051.7	956.4	1127.6	1365.9
22	1	2668.1	1441.4	2625.0	1291.7	2208.7	2071.1	1585.3	1123.2	1904.2	2137.4	1604.5	1722.6	1512.6	2162.8	2550.4	1756.2	1935.5	1625.8	2264.0	1961.5	1832.6	1726.7	1354.8	3480.9	1434.7	1934.4	1867.5
	2	2778.8	1367.9	3308.4	1787.9	1971.2	1606.3	2738.1	1199.0	2069.2	1763.5	1560.9	2384.2	1626.5	3014.2	2165.5	1957.7	1687.8	1503.6	2349.9	1897.9	1977.6	1585.7	1175.8	5154.9	1676.4	1600.1	1887.8

Figure 9: Heat map of weekly incidence rates by county of confirmed COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population in Ireland by week of notification between week 47, 2021 and week 2*, 2022



Data are not unavailable due to the current surge in cases.



Table 3: Summary ofhospitalisations, ICUadmissions and deaths byage group and wave.

(This does not include 94 cases for whom the age is unknown, of these 7 were indicated to be hospitalised and 1 was indicated to have died)

Age group	Wave	Number of cases	Number of cases hospitalised		Number of cases admitted to ICU	% admitted to ICU	Number of cases who died*	% deaths
	1	19612	1523	7.8	277	1.4	109	0.6
<65 yrs	2	39954	876	2.2	80	0.2	29	0.1
	3	179381	4614	2.6	570	0.3	275	0.2
	4	358597	4045	1.1	476	0.1	182**	0.05
	5	271787	1364	0.5	40	0.0	11**	0.00
	Total	869331	12422	1.4	1443	0.2	606	0.1
	1	6524	1803	27.6	161	2.5	1421	21.8
	2	4229	962	22.7	104	2.5	360	8.5
CE	3	20928	5067	24.2	401	1.9	2602	12.4
65+ yrs	4	27263	2716	10.0	278	1.0	755**	2.8
	5	12297	583	4.7	16	0.1	56**	0.5
	Total	71241	11131	15.6	944	1.3	5194	7.3

* Deaths in confirmed cases only

**Hospitalisations, ICU admissions, and deaths may be underestimated for recent weeks as the outcome may not yet have occurred or may not yet have been reported to CIDR. Notifications of ICU admissions and deaths to HPSC may be impacted by the extended Christmas and New Year weekends in particular.

[#]Notifications since week 51, 2021 (wave 5) are artificially reduced due to the increased reporting time.

Hospitalisations among COVID-19 cases during the 4th and 5th waves

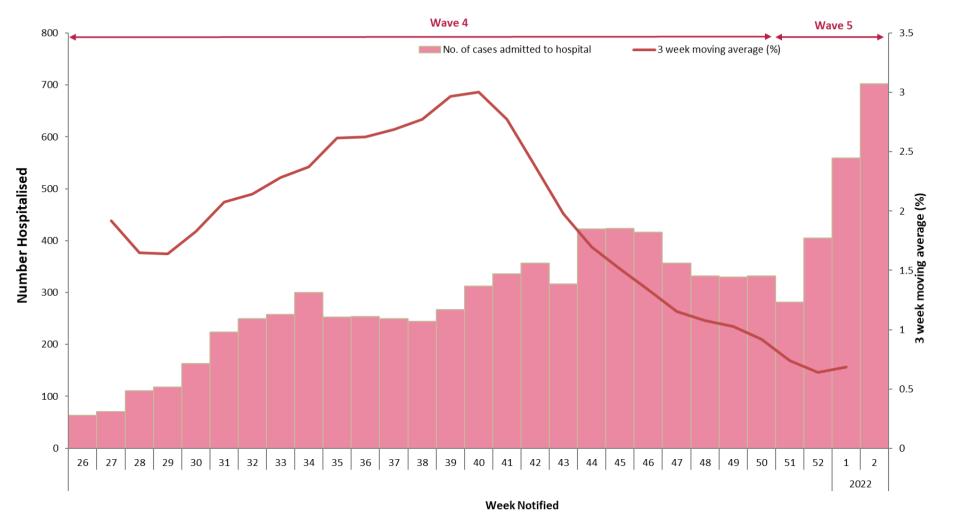
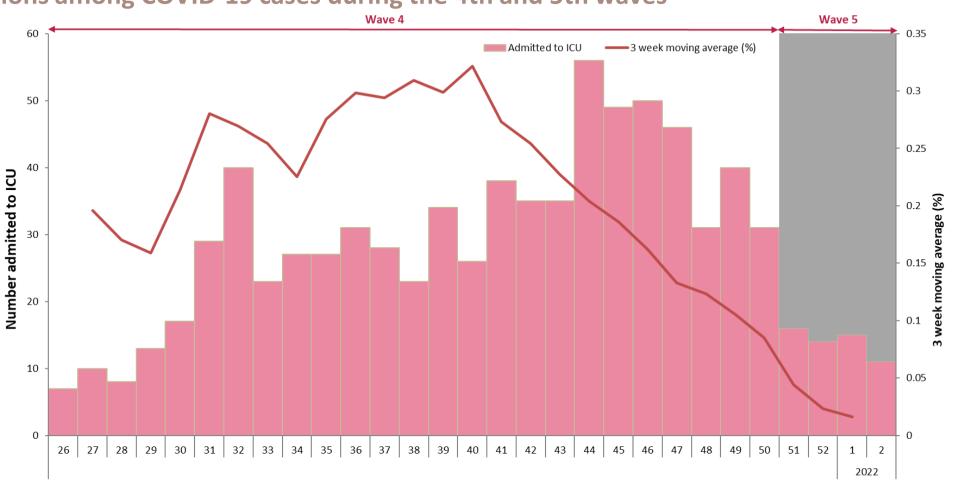


Figure 10: Number* of hospitalised COVID-19 cases* and 3 week moving average (%) of overall cases hospitalised in Ireland between week 26, 2020 and week 2**, 2022 based on week of notification

*Hospitalisations may be underestimated for recent weeks as the outcome may not yet have occurred or may not yet have been reported to CIDR. **Notifications since week 51, 2021 (wave 5) are artificially reduced due to the increased reporting time.

ICU admissions among COVID-19 cases during the 4th and 5th waves



Week Notified

Figure 11: Number of ICU admissions* in COVID-19 cases and 3 week moving average (%) of ICU admissions of overall case numbers in Ireland between week 26, 2020 and week 2, 2022 based on week of notification

*ICU admissions may be underestimated for recent weeks as the outcome may not yet have occurred or may not yet have been reported to CIDR. The increased reporting time of cases may also impact the reporting of ICU admissions. The greyed area indicates that data for these weeks in particular is likely not complete and an underestimate. **Notifications since week 51, 2021 (wave 5) are artificially reduced due to the increased reporting time.

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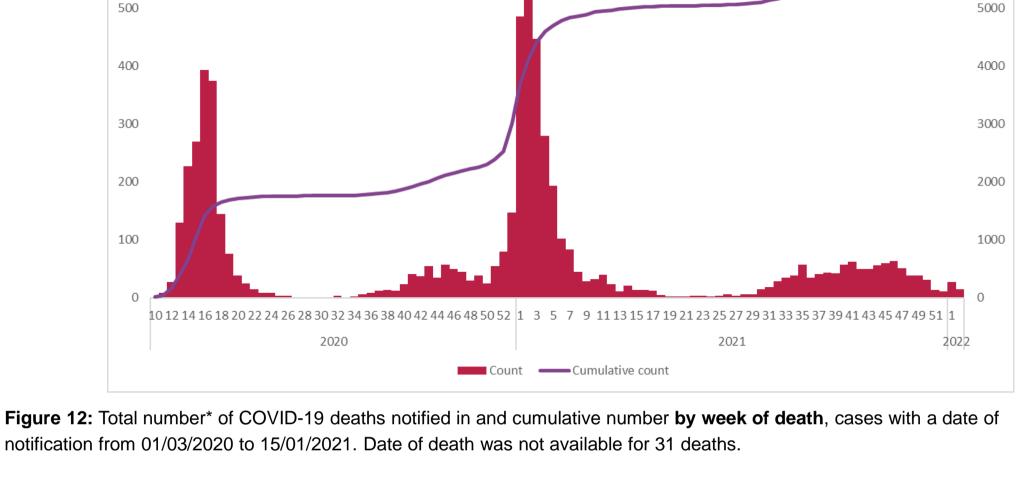
	Number	Percent
Total number of deaths	6,076	
confirmed	5,801	95.5
probable	97	1.6
possible	178	2.9
Number hospitalised who died	3,451	56.8
admitted to ICU who died	777	12.8
not admitted to ICU who died	2,674	44.0
Number of HCWs who died	20	0.3
Number with underlying conditions who died	5,109	84.1
Males who died	3,265	53.7
M:F ratio	1.16	
Median age (years)	82	
Mean age (years)	80	

Table 4: Summary of deaths in all COVID-19 cases notified inIreland between week 10, 2020 and week 2, 2022

Age group (years)	Female	Male	Total	Percent
<45 yrs	34	42	76	1
45-54 yrs	51	101	152	3
55-64 yrs	140	252	392	6
65-74 yrs	372	653	1025	17
75-84 yrs	857	1162	2019	33
85+ yrs	1354	1055	2409	40
Unknown	3	0	3	0
Total	2811	3265	6076	100.0
Percent	46.3	53.7		

Table 5: Number of deaths in all COVID-19 cases by sex andage group notified in Ireland between week 10, 2020 and week2, 2022

Data source: CIDR, January 17th 2022



*Deaths may be underestimated for recent weeks as the outcome may not yet have occurred or may not yet have been reported to CIDR.

Deaths among COVID-19 cases



Deaths among COVID-19 cases during the 4th and 5th waves

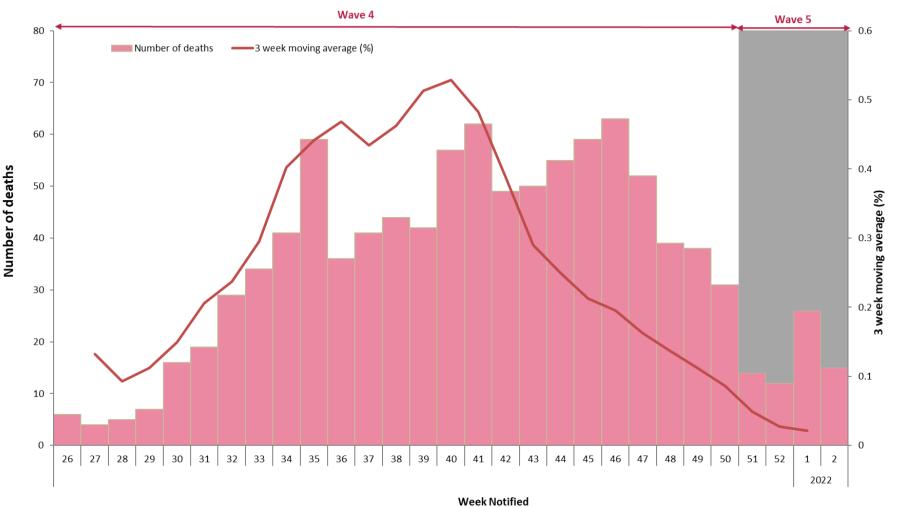


Figure 13: Number of deaths* in confirmed COVID-19 cases and 3 week moving average (%) of deaths of overall case numbers in Ireland between week 26, 2020 and week 2*, 2022 based on week of notification

*Deaths may be underestimated for recent weeks as the outcome may not yet have occurred or may not yet have been reported to CIDR. The increased reporting time of cases may also impact the reporting of deaths. The greyed area indicates that data for these weeks in particular is likely not complete and an underestimate.



Due to current surge in case numbers the overall reporting time has increased.

Figure 14 includes data presented by <u>epidemiological date</u> of COVID cases who are PCR confirmed and extracted from CIDR. Epidemiological date is based on the earliest of dates available on the case. In recent weeks it is primarily the date of specimen collection (i.e. the date the case was swabbed).

Analysis by epidemiological date provides a more accurate picture of trends as it removes the impact of reporting time. However, data for the most recent week are not complete and are provisional.

7 day incidence rate of COVID-19 cases by epi date in Ireland

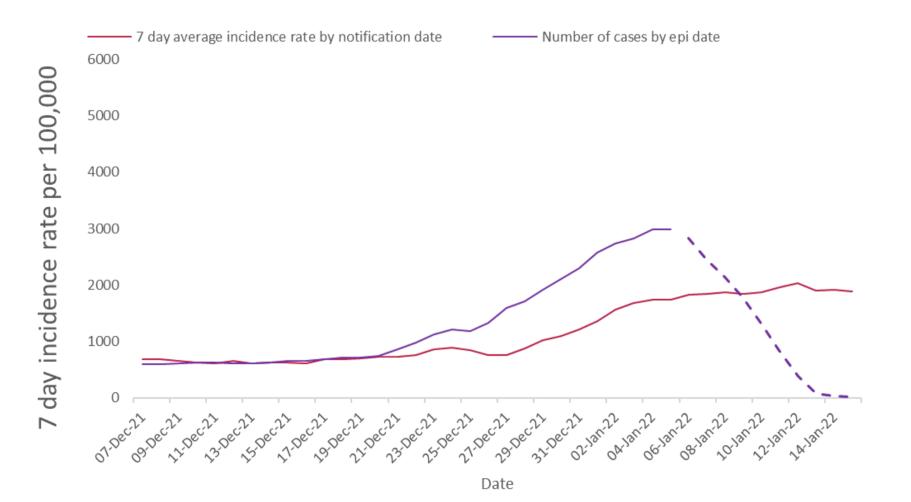


Figure 14: 7 day incidence rate of cases of COVID-19 per 100,000 population in Ireland by week of notification* and week of epidemiological date**, 07/12/2021 and 15/12/2021. The dashed line indicates that data are incomplete.

*Notifications since week 51, 2021 (wave 5) are artificially reduced due to the increased reporting time.

^{**}The increased discrepancy between the incidence rate by notification date and epidemiological date since week 51 relates is due to the increased processing time during this surge period. Data by epidemiological date is still incomplete for the last 7 days (dashed purple line).

Sentinel GP referrals for COVID-19 testing

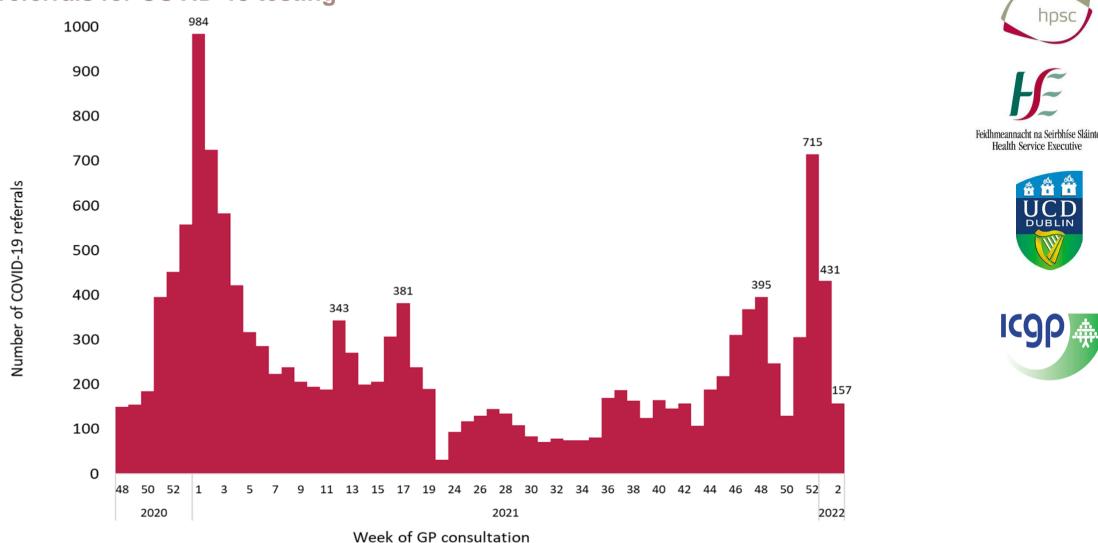


Figure 15: Number of sentinel GP COVID-19 referrals by week of consultation, week 48, 2020 – week 52, 2021, week 1 - week 2 2022

*Sentinel GP ILI consultation rates are reflecting community COVID-19 incidence AND changes to health seeking behaviour regarding use of online COVID-19 test booking systems. GP consultations for week 49 2021 may also have been impacted by storm Barra.

Sentinel GP referrals for COVID-19 testing

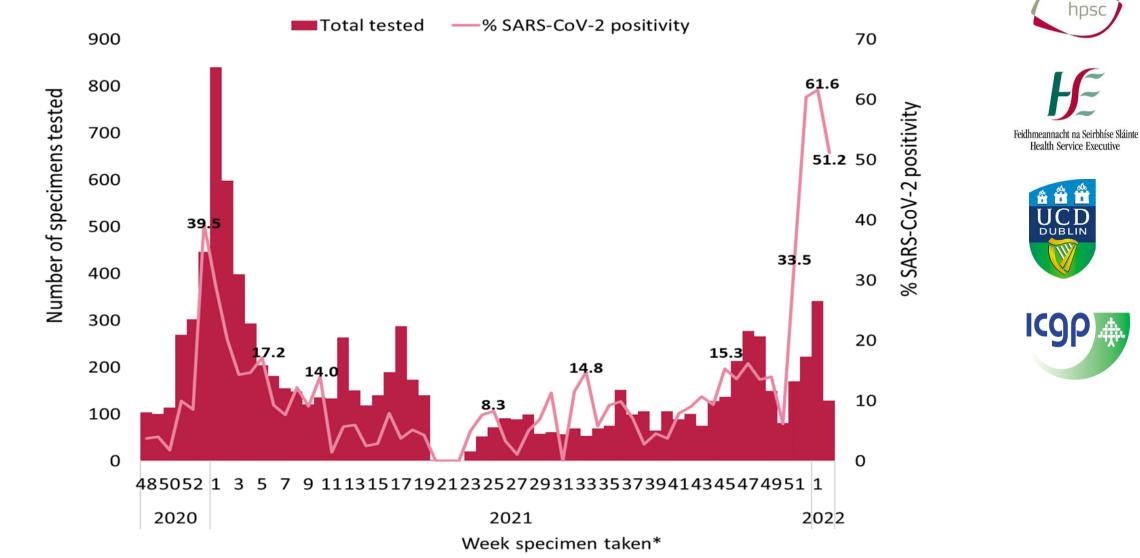


Figure 16: % SARS-CoV-2 positivity data from sentinel GP COVID-19 referrals tested by NVRL/ENFER*, 2020-2021, 2022.

*Including laboratories under the clinical governance of the NVRL

Please note, from week 19-23 2021, the GP sentinel virology data were incomplete due to the HSE cyber-attack

Laboratory testing of SARS-CoV-2 PCR confirmed tests

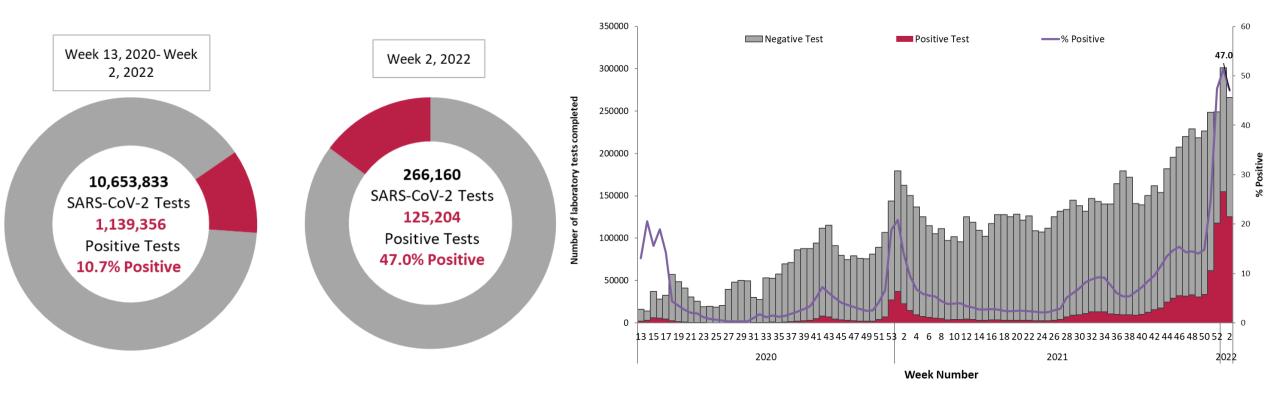


Figure 17a: Number of SARS-CoV-2 tests and positive tests* in Ireland between week 13, 2020 and week 2, 2022

Figure 17b: Number of SARS-CoV-2 negative and positive tests* completed in Ireland between week 13, 2020 and week 2, 2022

*Positive tests refers to all positive specimens and includes duplicates and individuals who were retested

Please refer to the Health Protection Surveillance (HPSC) website for specific reports on

- <u>14 Day report</u> epidemiology of COVID-19 in Ireland
- Outbreaks/clusters in Ireland COVID-19 weekly report
- <u>Weekly report on COVID-19</u> deaths reported in Ireland
- SARS-CoV-2 wastewater surveillance programme weekly reports
- Healthcare Workers COVID-19 cases in Ireland monthly reports
- Weekly reports on vaccination status of COVID-19 deaths and cases admitted to ICU
- <u>Epidemiology of COVID-19 in Ireland</u> cases aged 0-18 years
- <u>Epidemiology of intensive care admissions</u> in cases of COVID-19 in Ireland

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Technical Notes





- Data are based on statutory notifications and were extracted from Computerised Infectious Disease Reporting (CIDR) system and the HSE COVID care tracker. Data are provisional and subject to ongoing review, validation and update. As a result, figures in this report may differ from previously published figures.
- Slide with Laboratory testing for SARS-CoV-2 data provided by Deloitte Ireland LLP

2. Epidemiological date

Epidemiological date is based on the earliest of dates available on the case and taken from date of onset of
symptoms, date of diagnosis, laboratory specimen collection date, laboratory received date, laboratory reported date
or event creation date/notification date on CIDR. By using this date rather than event creation/ notification date, adjusts for
any delays in testing/notification. Further information on epidemiological dates and weeks can be found on the <u>HPSC</u>
website.

3. Population data

Population data were taken from Census 2016. Data were aggregated into the following age groups for the analysis: 0-4 years, 5-12 years, 13-18 years, 19-24 years, 25-34 years, 35-44 years, 45-54 years, 55-64 years, 65-74 years, 75-84 years and ≥ 85 years.